Learning to Look:
Building Community: Festivals, Rituals, Traditions, and Celebrations
2nd Grade Curriculum
Get Smart with Art is made possible with support from the William K. Bowes, Jr. Foundation, Mr. Rod Burns and Mrs. Jill Burns, and Daphne and Stuart Wells.

William K. Bowes, Jr. Foundation

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Get Smart with Art @ the de Young

Get Smart with Art is an interdisciplinary curriculum package that uses art objects as primary documents, sparking investigations into the diverse cultures represented by the collections at the Fine Arts Museums of San Francisco. Using works of art as the foundation of every lesson, each guide is designed to increase visual literacy, historical knowledge, and expository writing skills. In an effort to reduce the burden of teacher preparation time, historical texts are written at the reading level of the intended student audience.

The enclosed materials may be used in preparation for a museum visit or over the course of the school year. Get Smart with Art differs from previous curriculum series in that it is a “living” curriculum which the Education Department seeks to revise through teacher and student feedback. As part of the preliminary assessment of this project, we are conducting pre and post student interviews. If you would like to participate in this process or have any questions regarding the curriculum, please do not hesitate to contact the Education Department.

Get Smart with Art curricula is available in the following subject areas:

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To order these materials, please call 415. 750. 3522 or email ejennings@famsf.org.
OBJECTIVES

The curriculum for Second Grade has a threefold purpose:

• To introduce young students to the de Young Museum and its collection
• To develop Visual Thinking Strategies and critical thinking skills
• To thematically complement and enhance classroom work with the California Common Core State Standards.

IMAGES

Images chosen for Second Grade focus on the enriching aspects of “Building Community: Festivals, Rituals, Traditions and Celebrations”.

The selected images for second grade are:

• Dinner for Threshers by Grant Wood
• Gable Mask from a New Guinea ceremonial house façade
• Cylindrical vessel depicting ruler with mirror from the Late Classic Maya

GETTING STARTED

Second Grade curriculum is organized into four successive lessons to be completed prior to the students’ visit to the de Young. These lessons are structured to be taught over a three-week period prior to the museum trip. Additionally, there is a post-visit project that completes and compliments your museum experience. Lessons may be combined, adjusted, or extended as necessary for success in your classroom. Lessons include Visual Thinking Strategies (VTS), class discussions, writing, reading, artwork, and oral presentations.

LESSON ONE: Developing Visual Thinking Strategies

MATERIALS:

Image Posters
Chart paper for recording vocabulary/word lists
Pencils
Pens
Crayons
Mind Jog Journal cover page (appendix A)
Primary writing paper
Blank drawing paper

TIME: Approximately 45 -60 minutes

Part 1: Image Discussion
• Conduct a facilitated group discussion about the first image, Dinner for Threshers,
  using the Visual Thinking Strategies or VTS method (appendix B). Let your students
  know that they are going to sharpen their looking and thinking skills.

• VTS focus questions are:
  What is going on in this picture?
  What do you see that makes you say that?
  What more can we find?

  Remember to point, paraphrase, link and expand vocabulary, while remaining
  neutral.

• VOCABULARY DEVELOPMENT:
  During or after the lesson, make sure to record the vocabulary that the students are
  using to describe the images and the supplementary vocabulary that the teacher
  uses in paraphrasing the students’ comments. (Some teachers have found it useful
  to audiotape the VTS sessions so the vocabulary can be transcribed after the
  lesson.) This vocabulary will be used in later lessons. If you need some suggestions
  for grade level vocabulary development, please refer to your Social Studies textbook.

Part 2: Connecting Visual Literacy with sketching and written expression
• Journal Assembly:
1. After the lesson, distribute copies of the *Mind Jog Journal* cover page and six sheets of lined paper and six sheets of drawing paper.

2. Have students create their *Mind Jog Journals* by alternating the twelve pieces of paper, placing a piece of drawing paper over a piece of lined paper. The first page of the journal should be a piece of drawing paper and the last piece is lined.

3. Form a binding by stapling the top, middle, and bottom of the journal.

- **Sketching & Writing**

  Following the VTS discussion and journal assembly time, ask students to illustrate and write about the image you studied, *Dinner for Threshers*, in their *Mind Jog Journals*. Ask your students to think about the parts of this painting and the elements of the scene. Then ask the class to compose a quick sketch of the image. After the drawing time, have students describe the image so that someone who has not seen the painting can recognize it from their descriptive/sensory detail sentences. You may find it helpful to model descriptive sentences on the board with the class prior to the writing exercise. Share the journals aloud.

**LESSON TWO:**

Follow steps in LESSON ONE, conducting the VTS discussion with your class focused on the *Gable Mask*. In students' *Mind Jog Journals*, have students sketch the mask and other images that come to mind when they think about the mask and what it might be used for. The writing prompt for this lesson is to write a story about what the mask might tell, answering the question “What are the possible stories behind the mask?” Again, model possible ideas for your students prior to writing. Share the journals aloud.

**LESSON THREE:**

Follow the steps in Lesson One, conducting the VTS discussion with your class focused on the *Polychrome Beaker*. In students' *Mind Jog Journals*, ask students to compose a quick sketch of the image. The writing prompt for this lesson is to write a dialogue between two of the depicted characters. What might the characters say to each other? List ideas and words to help students with pre-writing. Again, model possible ideas for your students prior to writing. Share the journals aloud.
LESSON FOUR:
Conduct a class discussion about the three images you have studied, focusing on the traditions and ceremonies portrayed by the images. Make a T-chart on the board or on a piece of chart paper. Continue the discussion by asking students to list with you (on the left side of the chart) the ceremonies, traditions, festivals, and rituals that they celebrate in their lives.

On the right side of the chart, list the images or symbols that come to mind when thinking of these events. Examples might be Chinese New Year’s Festival: Dragon’s Head Mask, Thanksgiving table: harvest fruits/vegetable display, Birthday celebration: decorated paper crown, etc. This brainstorming session and chart will serve as scaffolding for LESSON FIVE upon your return from the museum.

Prepare students for museum visit by reviewing expectations, plans and rules for the visit. Conclude by conducting a final class discussion to reflect on what students know and what students’ wonder about the images they will see at the museum.

•••••PACK UP THE JOURNALS AND PENCILS FOR USE AT THE MUSEUM*****

LESSON FIVE: POST MUSEUM VISIT
Upon returning from the museum, facilitate a class discussion during which students review the images they saw and remember from the de Young collection.

Tell your students that they are going to create a Classroom Museum Gallery displaying images that illustrate a festival, ceremony, or tradition that has personal significance. Review the ideas from the T-Chart you created prior to your visit.

● Have students create their image either by drawing or constructing it using found materials such as yarn, fabric, scraps of paper, etc.
● Have students write labels for their illustration describing the image as well as the tradition, ceremony or festival represented by the image.
● Display these images in the Classroom Museum Gallery. Ask each student to share their image and writing aloud.
● Invite another second grade class to visit your museum and have your students act as guides to their Gallery
Mind Jog Journal

Name: ____________________________________

de Young \ Legion of Honor
fine arts museums of san francisco
Common Core State Standards Addressed
2nd Grade Learning to Look Curriculum
Building Community: Festivals, Rituals, Traditions, and Celebrations
Get Smart with Art @ the de Young

English Language Arts & Literacy in History/Social Studies, Science, and Technical Subjects

W.2.2, 2.3, 2.8
SL.2.1.A, 2.1.B, 2.1.C, 2.2.A, 2.3, 2.4, 2.6
L.2.4.A
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Grant Wood (1891-1942); Dinner for Threshers, 1934; Oil on hardboard, 19 1/2 x 79 1/2 in. (49.53 x 201.93 cm); Gift of Mr. and Mrs. John D. Rockefeller 3rd; 1979.7.105

Gable mask from ceremonial house façade
Middle Sepik, Sawos people, 20th century. Sago palm petiole, wood, bamboo, pigment, fiber.
Museum purchase, Mrs. Paul L. Wattis Fund. 2000.172.7
Cylindrical vessel depicting ruler with mirror
Mexico, Central Lowlands, Late Classic Maya, 8th century A.D. Earthenware, paint. Museum purchase, Salinger Bequest Fund. 78.41
Rollout photograph K625 © Justin Kerr
Get Smart With Art
Learning to Look

Grant Wood (1891–1942)

Dinner for Threshers, 1934. Oil on hardboard panel. Gift of Mr. and Mrs. John D. Rockefeller 3rd. 1979.7.105